Talk to your doctor if you still have leakage or can’t tolerate your current OAB medication

A sign it’s time for BOTOX®

When overactive bladder (OAB) caused by a neurologic condition makes matters worse...

Indication
BOTOX® is a prescription medicine that is injected into the bladder muscle and used to treat leakage of urine (incontinence) in adults 18 years and older with overactive bladder caused by a neurologic disease who still have leakage or cannot tolerate the side effects after trying an anticholinergic medication.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION
BOTOX® may cause serious side effects that can be life threatening. Get medical help right away if you have any of these problems any time (hours to weeks) after injection of BOTOX®:

- **Problems swallowing, speaking, or breathing**, due to weakening of associated muscles, can be severe and result in loss of life. You are at the highest risk if these problems are pre-existing before injection. Swallowing problems may last for several months.

- **Spread of toxin effects.** The effect of botulinum toxin may affect areas away from the injection site and cause serious symptoms including: loss of strength and all-over muscle weakness, double vision, blurred vision and drooping eyelids, hoarseness or change or loss of voice, trouble saying words clearly, loss of bladder control, trouble breathing, and trouble swallowing.

Please see additional Important Safety Information inside.
BOTOX® can help

Learn more about your overactive bladder (OAB) caused by a neurologic condition and BOTOX® treatment

Time for change
Find out how leakage is caused by OAB due to your neurologic condition, and what you can do if your current OAB medication is not meeting your treatment goals.

Consider BOTOX®
Learn more about this effective option and why you should consider discussing it with your doctor when OAB medication isn’t working or is causing side effects.

Ask questions
Make sure you ask your doctor the right questions when discussing BOTOX®. This will help ensure you get the answers you need to determine if BOTOX® treatment is right for you.

Get ready
Find out what type of results to expect with BOTOX® and discuss with your doctor if your re-treatment is needed as few as 2 times a year.

Savings ahead
Many patients may pay as little as $0 out of pocket. Learn how BOTOX® is covered by most insurance plans, including Medicare, and about programs that can help with out-of-pocket costs.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)
BOTOX® may cause loss of strength or general muscle weakness, vision problems, or dizziness within hours to weeks of taking BOTOX®.
If this happens, do not drive a car, operate machinery, or do other dangerous activities.
IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Do not receive BOTOX® if you: are allergic to any of the ingredients in BOTOX® (see Medication Guide for ingredients); had an allergic reaction to any other botulinum toxin product such as Myobloc® (rimabotulinumtoxinB), Dysport® (abobotulinumtoxinA), or Xeomin® (incobotulinumtoxinA); have a skin infection at the planned injection site.

Please see additional Important Safety Information on following pages.
Does this sound like you?

You may still be experiencing leakage despite taking OAB medication and coping by:

- Using multiple leakage pads per day
- Planning your travel around bathroom locations
- Not doing things you like because of fear of leakage
- Worrying about your problem every day

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Do not receive BOTOX® for the treatment of urinary incontinence if you: have a urinary tract infection (UTI) or cannot empty your bladder on your own and are not routinely catheterizing. Due to the risk of urinary retention (difficulty fully emptying the bladder), only patients who are willing and able to initiate catheterization post treatment, if required, should be considered for treatment.
Why me?

You have a neurologic condition
A neurologic condition refers to a disease that affects your body’s nervous system. Some neurologic conditions include:
- Multiple sclerosis (MS)
- Spinal cord injury
- Stroke
- Parkinson’s disease

Your OAB symptoms are caused by your neurologic condition
- Neurologic conditions can interfere with signals between your brain and bladder
- This causes the bladder muscle to become overactive, which can lead to leakage

You’re not alone
- About half the people with neurologic conditions like yours have symptoms of OAB
- People like you are frustrated and embarrassed by their OAB. They feel it’s just another thing they have to deal with
- The impact of leakage on people like you often gets overlooked by doctors because they are more focused on treating your neurologic condition

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)
In clinical trials, 30.6% of patients (33/108) who were not using clean intermittent catheterization (CIC) prior to injection, required catheterization for urinary retention following treatment with BOTOX® 200 Units as compared to 6.7% of patients (7/104) treated with placebo. The median duration of post-injection catheterization for these patients treated with BOTOX® 200 Units (n = 33) was 289 days (minimum 1 day to maximum 530 days) as compared to a median duration 358 days (minimum 2 days to maximum 379 days) for patients receiving placebo (n = 7).

Please see additional Important Safety Information on following pages.
Have you already tried OAB medications?

Did you discover that your OAB medications:

☑️ Didn’t work well enough  or  ☑️ You couldn’t handle the side effects

In a survey of over 26,000 patients:

72% reported that they stopped taking their OAB medication at some point within 12 months.

If your OAB medication isn’t working as well as you hoped for, you may be ready for BOTOX®.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Among patients not using CIC at baseline, those with MS were more likely to require CIC post injection than those with SCI.

The dose of BOTOX® is not the same as, or comparable to, another botulinum toxin product.
IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Serious and/or immediate allergic reactions have been reported including itching, rash, red itchy welts, wheezing, asthma symptoms, or dizziness or feeling faint. Get medical help right away if you experience symptoms; further injection of BOTOX® should be discontinued.

Please see additional Important Safety Information on following pages.
BOTOX® is different than other treatments

**BOTOX® is placed locally at the source of your OAB symptoms**

- In your body, certain chemicals travel from nerve cells to muscle cells to make your bladder contract so that you can urinate.
- For people who have OAB caused by a neurologic condition, these muscles contract uncontrollably, creating leakage, increased pressure, and decreasing the bladder’s ability to hold urine.
- BOTOX® is placed directly in the bladder muscle, where it helps block the nerve signals that trigger OAB caused by a neurologic condition.
- BOTOX® does not require surgery or weekly visits to the doctor for treatment.

**IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)**

Tell your doctor about all your muscle or nerve conditions such as ALS or Lou Gehrig’s disease, myasthenia gravis, or Lambert-Eaton syndrome, as you may be at increased risk of serious side effects including difficulty swallowing and difficulty breathing from typical doses of BOTOX®.
Proven to work when other OAB medications did not

*In 2 clinical trials in patients with MS or spinal cord injury, 6 weeks after treatment, compared to placebo*

**BOTOX® significantly reduced leakage episodes**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BOTOX®</th>
<th>Placebo</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>≈20 less episodes per week (or about 2.8 per day)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>≈11 less episodes per week (or about 1.5 per day)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If you want leakage reduction, BOTOX® can help. Individual results may vary.

**IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)**

Tell your doctor if you have any breathing-related problems. Your doctor may monitor you for breathing problems during your treatment with BOTOX® for detrusor overactivity associated with a neurologic condition. The risk of developing lung disease in patients with reduced lung function is increased in patients receiving BOTOX®.

Please see additional Important Safety Information on following pages.
BOTOX® reduced leakage episodes by half or more

At week 6 in clinical trials:

The majority of patients receiving BOTOX® had at least **50% reduction** of weekly leakage episodes

Many of these patients **reduced their leakage episodes by 75%**

Approximately **1 in 3 patients** reported **no leakage episodes**

Reduction in urinary incontinence (UI) episodes in 2 clinical trials:

**Study 1:** BOTOX® 200 Units (n = 135); placebo (n = 149)
- Patients with ≥ 50% reduction: BOTOX® 74.8%, placebo 38.3% (P < .001)
- Patients with ≥ 75% reduction: BOTOX® 61.5%, placebo 25.5% (P < .001)
- Patients with 100% reduction: BOTOX® 36.3%, placebo 10.1% (P < .001)

**Study 2:** BOTOX® 200 Units (n = 92); placebo (n = 92)
- Patients with ≥ 50% reduction: BOTOX® 77.2%, placebo 39.1% (P < .001)
- Patients with ≥ 75% reduction: BOTOX® 64.1%, placebo 20.7% (P < .001)
- Patients with 100% reduction: BOTOX® 38.0%, placebo 7.6% (P < .001)

**IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)**

**Autonomic dysreflexia.** Autonomic dysreflexia associated with intradetrusor injections of BOTOX® could occur in patients treated for detrusor overactivity caused by a neurologic condition and may require prompt medical therapy. In clinical trials, the incidence of autonomic dysreflexia was greater in patients treated with BOTOX® 200 Units compared with placebo (1.5% versus 0.4%, respectively).
**BOTOX®** may positively impact your daily life by significantly reducing leakage episodes

Patients in **BOTOX®** clinical trials reported improvement in their overall quality of life based on 3 categories*:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Avoidance and limiting behavior</th>
<th>Psychosocial impact</th>
<th>Social embarrassment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Such as overplanning every detail of your day in advance, worrying about where bathrooms are, and limiting how much fluid you drink.</td>
<td>Such as being preoccupied or frustrated with how your condition impacts your everyday decisions, such as what you can wear, where you can go, and how you feel about your overall well-being.</td>
<td>Such as being embarrassed or worried that your symptoms might be noticed by others.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*These improvements were reported using the Incontinence Quality of Life questionnaire (I-QOL). This is a validated questionnaire that is used to measure the impact of urinary incontinence on a patient’s quality of life.

**IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)**

**Tell your doctor about all your medical conditions, including if you:** have or have had bleeding problems; have plans to have surgery; had surgery on your face; weakness of forehead muscles; trouble raising your eyebrows; drooping eyelids; any other abnormal facial change; have symptoms of a urinary tract infection (UTI) and are being treated for urinary incontinence (symptoms of a urinary tract infection may include pain or burning with urination, frequent urination, or fever); have problems emptying your bladder on your own and are being treated for urinary incontinence; are pregnant or plan to become pregnant (it is not known if BOTOX® can harm your unborn baby); are breastfeeding or plan to (it is not known if BOTOX® passes into breast milk).

**Please see additional Important Safety Information on following pages.**
How well is your current OAB medication working?

Can you sit through an entire movie, concert, or dinner without having to get up and use the restroom?  
Always | Usually | Never

Do you still need to use pads and diapers?  
No | Sometimes | Always

If you’re having side effects with your current OAB medication, how much do they bother you?  
Not at all | Somewhat bothersome | Really bothers me

What do you hope for from your OAB treatment?

Share this with your doctor.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)
Tell your doctor about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements. Using BOTOX® with certain other medicines may cause serious side effects. Do not start any new medicines until you have told your doctor that you have received BOTOX® in the past.
IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)
Tell your doctor if you have received any other botulinum toxin product in the last 4 months; have received injections of botulinum toxin such as Myobloc®, Dysport® or Xeomin® in the past (tell your doctor exactly which product you received); have recently received an antibiotic by injection; take muscle relaxants; take an allergy or cold medicine; take a sleep medicine; take aspirin-like products or blood thinners.

Please see additional Important Safety Information on following pages.
Set goals for talking with your doctor

Be prepared so you get the answers you need to help choose the right treatment

Share with your doctor:

✓ How OAB symptoms affect you
✓ How you feel about your current medication
✓ What you hope to get from OAB treatment

You will get from your doctor:

✓ A better understanding of your treatment options
✓ What he or she believes is the right option for you

A urologist or urogynecologist can help find the treatment that’s right for you.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)  
Other side effects of BOTOX® include: dry mouth, discomfort or pain at the injection site, tiredness, headache, neck pain, eye problems: double vision, blurred vision, decreased eyesight, drooping eyelids, swelling of your eyelids, dry eyes; drooping eyebrows; and upper respiratory tract infection. In people being treated for urinary incontinence, other side effects include: urinary tract infection, painful urination, and/or inability to empty your bladder on your own. If you have difficulty fully emptying your bladder after receiving BOTOX®, you may need to use disposable self-catheters to empty your bladder up to a few times each day until your bladder is able to start emptying again.
Voice how you feel
Tell your doctor so they understand your perspective

"The side effects of those OAB medications are really bothersome"

"I’m still having too many accidents"

"The medication is not working"

"I avoid places that don’t have a bathroom"

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)
For more information, refer to the Medication Guide or talk with your doctor.
You are encouraged to report negative side effects of prescription drugs to the FDA. Visit www.fda.gov/medwatch or call 1-800-FDA-1088.
Please see additional Important Safety Information on following pages.
Ask questions as needed

6 topics to discuss with your doctor:

1. How well BOTOX® may work for your OAB symptoms
   **ASK:** “What results should I expect?”

2. Your doctor’s firsthand experience
   **ASK:** “What has it been like for your other patients who’ve tried BOTOX®?”

3. A clear recommendation for BOTOX®
   **ASK:** “Is BOTOX® a good option for me?”

4. The treatment procedure
   **ASK:** “What happens during the procedure?”

5. Possible side effects
   **ASK:** “What kind of side effects can occur after receiving BOTOX®?”
   The most common side effect, urinary tract infection, was experienced by approximately 24% (vs 17% for placebo) in clinical trials for OAB caused by a neurologic disease. Other most common side effects include the temporary inability to fully empty your bladder. This list does not cover all the possible serious side effects of BOTOX®. Please refer to the Important Safety Information included throughout this brochure and talk with your doctor.

6. Re-treatment schedule
   **ASK:** “How often do I need to get BOTOX®?”

**IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)**

BOTOX® may cause serious side effects that can be life threatening. Get medical help right away if you have any of these problems any time (hours to weeks) after injection of BOTOX®:

- **Problems swallowing, speaking, or breathing,** due to weakening of associated muscles, can be severe and result in loss of life. You are at the highest risk if these problems are pre-existing before injection. Swallowing problems may last for several months
IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

- Spread of toxin effects. The effect of botulinum toxin may affect areas away from the injection site and cause serious symptoms including: loss of strength and all-over muscle weakness, double vision, blurred vision and drooping eyelids, hoarseness or change or loss of voice, trouble saying words clearly, loss of bladder control, trouble breathing, and trouble swallowing.

BOTOX® may cause loss of strength or general muscle weakness, vision problems, or dizziness within hours to weeks of taking BOTOX®. If this happens, do not drive a car, operate machinery, or do other dangerous activities.

Please see additional Important Safety Information on following pages.
Your BOTOX® treatment is a journey

OAB due to a neurologic condition is chronic and requires ongoing treatment

Make your 6-month re-treatment evaluation appointment before you leave the office to stay on schedule.

You may start to notice results at 2 weeks.

Talk to your doctor about setting up a BOTOX® re-treatment schedule that’s right for you.

If your symptoms return before 6 months, contact your doctor so you may be re-treated sooner.

A minimum of 12 weeks is needed between treatments.

Get appointment reminders texted to you. Enroll at BOTOXforIncontinence.com/sign-up

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)
Do not receive BOTOX® if you: are allergic to any of the ingredients in BOTOX® (see Medication Guide for ingredients); had an allergic reaction to any other botulinum toxin product such as Myobloc® (rimabotulinumtoxinB), Dysport® (abobotulinumtoxinA), or Xeomin® (incobotulinumtoxinA); have a skin infection at the planned injection site.
IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Do not receive BOTOX® for the treatment of urinary incontinence if you: have a urinary tract infection (UTI) or cannot empty your bladder on your own and are not routinely catheterizing. Due to the risk of urinary retention (difficulty fully emptying the bladder), only patients who are willing and able to initiate catheterization post treatment, if required, should be considered for treatment.

Please see additional Important Safety Information on following pages.
BOTOX® is covered by most insurance plans, including Medicare*

Medicare

$0
out-of-pocket cost
for most people who have supplemental insurance†

Commercial (private) insurance

You may pay as little as

$0
out-of-pocket cost
for BOTOX® treatments with the BOTOX® Savings Program

*Based on 2016 data. Data are subject to change. Data are not a guarantee of coverage, or partial or full payment, by any payers listed. Actual benefits determined by respective plan administrators. Insurer plans, coverage criteria, and formularies are subject to change without notice. Check coverage with applicable insurer. Allergan® does not endorse any individual plans. Formulary coverage does not imply efficacy or safety.

†Average cost per treatment for Medicare patients is $109.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

In clinical trials, 30.6% of patients (33/108) who were not using clean intermittent catheterization (CIC) prior to injection, required catheterization for urinary retention following treatment with BOTOX® 200 Units as compared to 6.7% of patients (7/104) treated with placebo. The median duration of post-injection catheterization for these patients treated with BOTOX® 200 Units (n = 33) was 289 days (minimum 1 day to maximum 530 days) as compared to a median duration 358 days (minimum 2 days to maximum 379 days) for patients receiving placebo (n = 7).
You may PAY $0 out of pocket for BOTOX® treatments as little as

How can the BOTOX® Savings Program help you pay as little as $0 for BOTOX® treatment?*

Most insurance plans cover the majority of BOTOX® costs, but you may have remaining out-of-pocket costs. Patients with OAB due to a neurologic condition have on average $255 per treatment ($42 per month) in out-of-pocket costs. If eligible, the BOTOX® Savings Program may reimburse you to help with these remaining out-of-pocket costs (including costs for both BOTOX® and the procedure).

Visit BOTOXSavingsProgram.com or text SAVINGS to 27747 to see if you’re eligible.†

*Restrictions and maximum savings limits apply. Patient out-of-pocket expense may vary. Offer not valid for patients enrolled in Medicare, Medicaid, or other federal or state healthcare programs. Please see full terms and conditions herein and at BOTOXSavingsProgram.com. For questions about this program, please call 1-800-44-BOTOX.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)
Among patients not using CIC at baseline, those with MS were more likely to require CIC post injection than those with SCI.
The dose of BOTOX® is not the same as, or comparable to, another botulinum toxin product.
Please see additional Important Safety Information on following pages.
Questions for your doctor

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Serious and/or immediate allergic reactions have been reported including itching, rash, red itchy welts, wheezing, asthma symptoms, or dizziness or feeling faint. Get medical help right away if you experience symptoms; further injection of BOTOX® should be discontinued.

Tell your doctor about all your muscle or nerve conditions such as ALS or Lou Gehrig's disease, myasthenia gravis, or Lambert-Eaton syndrome, as you may be at increased risk of serious side effects including difficulty swallowing and difficulty breathing from typical doses of BOTOX®.

Tell your doctor if you have any breathing-related problems. Your doctor may monitor you for breathing problems during your treatment with BOTOX® for detrusor overactivity associated with a neurologic condition. The risk of developing lung disease in patients with reduced lung function is increased in patients receiving BOTOX®.

Autonomic dysreflexia. Autonomic dysreflexia associated with intradetrusor injections of BOTOX® could occur in patients treated for detrusor overactivity caused by a neurologic condition and may require prompt medical therapy. In clinical trials, the incidence of autonomic dysreflexia was greater in patients treated with BOTOX® 200 Units compared with placebo (1.5% versus 0.4%, respectively).

Tell your doctor about all your medical conditions, including if you: have or have had bleeding problems; have plans to have surgery; had surgery on your face; weakness of forehead muscles; trouble raising your eyebrows; drooping eyelids; any other abnormal facial change; have symptoms of a urinary tract infection (UTI) and are being treated for urinary incontinence (symptoms of a urinary tract infection may include pain or burning with urination, frequent urination, or fever); have problems emptying your bladder on your own and are being treated for urinary incontinence; are pregnant or plan to become pregnant (it is not known if BOTOX® can harm your unborn baby); are breastfeeding or plan to (it is not known if BOTOX® passes into breast milk).
Tell your doctor about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements. Using BOTOX® with certain other medicines may cause serious side effects. Do not start any new medicines until you have told your doctor that you have received BOTOX® in the past.

Tell your doctor if you have received any other botulinum toxin product in the last 4 months; have received injections of botulinum toxin such as Myobloc®, Dysport®, or Xeomin® in the past (tell your doctor exactly which product you received); have recently received an antibiotic by injection; take muscle relaxants; take an allergy or cold medicine; take a sleep medicine; take aspirin-like products or blood thinners.

Other side effects of BOTOX® include: dry mouth, discomfort or pain at the injection site, tiredness, headache, neck pain, eye problems: double vision, blurred vision, decreased eyesight, drooping eyelids, swelling of your eyelids, dry eyes; drooping eyebrows; and upper respiratory tract infection. In people being treated for urinary incontinence, other side effects include: urinary tract infection, painful urination, and/or inability to empty your bladder on your own. If you have difficulty fully emptying your bladder after receiving BOTOX®, you may need to use disposable self-catheters to empty your bladder up to a few times each day until your bladder is able to start emptying again.

Please see additional Important Safety Information on back page.
It may be time to ask your doctor for BOTOX®

- Your OAB symptoms are caused by your neurologic condition
- FDA approved to treat OAB caused by a neurologic condition since 2011
- BOTOX® cut leakage episodes by more than half in clinical trials at week 6
- BOTOX® is covered by most insurance plans, including Medicare

For more information or to find a BOTOX® specialist near you, visit BOTOXforIncontinence.com

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)
For more information, refer to the Medication Guide or talk with your doctor.
You are encouraged to report negative side effects of prescription drugs to the FDA. Visit www.fda.gov/medwatch or call 1-800-FDA-1088.

Please see accompanying Summary of Information about BOTOX®:

BOTOX® Savings Program Terms and Conditions
Program Terms, Conditions, and Eligibility Criteria: 1. This offer is good for use only with a valid prescription for BOTOX® (onabotulinumtoxinA). 2. Based on insurance coverage, each patient can be reimbursed up to $1000 per treatment with a maximum savings limit of $4000 per year. Patient out-of-pocket expense may vary. 3. This offer is not valid for use by patients enrolled in Medicare, Medicaid, or other federal or state programs (including any state pharmaceutical assistance programs), or private indemnity or HMO insurance plans that reimburse you for the entire cost of your prescription drugs. Patients may not use this offer if they are Medicare-eligible and enrolled in an employer-sponsored health plan or prescription drug benefit program for retirees. This offer is not valid for cash-paying patients. 4. This offer is valid for up to 4 treatments over a 12-month period. 5. Offer is valid only for BOTOX® and BOTOX® treatment-related costs not covered by insurance. 6. A BOTOX® Savings Program check will be provided upon approval of a claim. The claim must be submitted with treatment details from an Explanation of Benefits (EOB) or a Specialty Pharmacy (SP) receipt. (If the BOTOX® prescription was filled by a Specialty Pharmacy, both EOB and SP details must be provided.) All claims must be submitted within 120 days of treatment date. You may be required to provide a copy of your EOB or SP receipt for your claim to be approved. 7. A BOTOX® Savings Program check may be sent either directly to you or to your selected healthcare provider who provided treatment. For payment to be made directly to your healthcare provider, you must authorize an assignment of benefit during each claim submission. You are not obligated to assign your BOTOX® Savings Program benefit to your healthcare provider to participate in the program. 8. Allergan® reserves the right to rescind, revoke, or amend this offer without notice. 9. Offer good only in the USA, including Puerto Rico, at participating retail locations. 10. Void where prohibited by law, taxed, or restricted. 11. This offer is not health insurance. 12. By participating in the BOTOX® Savings Program, you acknowledge that you are an eligible patient and that you understand and agree to comply with the terms and conditions of this offer.

For questions about this program, please call 1-800-44-BOTOX.

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BU0116940-v3   03/20   004006
Summary of Information About BOTOX® (onabotulinumtoxinA) for Overactive Bladder Caused by a Neurologic Disease

What Is the Most Important Information I Should Know About BOTOX®?

BOTOX® may cause serious side effects that can be life threatening. Call your doctor or get medical help right away if you have any of these problems any time (hours to weeks) after injection of BOTOX®:

- Problems swallowing, speaking, or breathing, due to weakening of associated muscles, can be severe and result in loss of life. You are at the highest risk if these problems are pre-existing before injection. Swallowing problems may last for several months.

- Spread of toxin effects. The effect of the botulinum toxin may affect areas away from the injection site and cause serious symptoms including: loss of strength and all-over muscle weakness, double vision, blurred vision and drooping eyelids, hoarseness or change or loss of voice, trouble saying words clearly, loss of bladder control, trouble breathing, trouble swallowing.

BOTOX® may cause loss of strength or general muscle weakness, vision problems, or dizziness within hours to weeks of taking BOTOX®. If this happens, do not drive a car, operate machinery, or do other dangerous activities.

BOTOX® dosing units are not the same as, or comparable to, any other botulinum toxin product.

What Is BOTOX®?

BOTOX® is a prescription medicine that is injected into the bladder muscle and used to treat leakage of urine (incontinence) in adults 18 years and older with overactive bladder caused by a neurologic disease when another type of medicine (anticholinergic) does not work well enough or cannot be taken.

Who Should Not Receive BOTOX®?

Do not receive BOTOX® if you are: allergic to any of the ingredients in BOTOX® such as botulinum toxin type A and human serum albumin; had an allergic reaction to another botulinum toxin product such as Myobloc® (rimabotulinumtoxinB), Dysport® (abobotulinumtoxinA), or Xeomin® (incobotulinumtoxinA); have a urinary tract infection (UTI); or find that you cannot empty your bladder on your own (only applies to people who are not routinely catheterizing).

What Should I Tell My Doctor Before Treatment?

Tell your doctor about all your muscle or nerve conditions, such as amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (Lou Gehrig’s disease), myasthenia gravis, or Lambert-Eaton syndrome, as you may be at increased risk of serious side effects.

Tell your doctor if you have or have had breathing problems such as asthma or emphysema; swallowing problems; bleeding issues; plan to or have had surgery; have weakness of your forehead muscles, such as trouble raising your eyebrows; have drooping eyelids; have any other change in the way your face normally looks; have symptoms of a urinary tract infection (UTI). Symptoms of a urinary tract infection may include pain or burning with urination, frequent urination, or fever; have problems emptying your bladder on your own.

Tell your doctor if you are pregnant, plan to become pregnant, are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. It is not known if BOTOX® can harm your unborn baby or if BOTOX® passes into breast milk.

What Are the Most Common Side Effects?

The most common side effects include: urinary tract infection and the temporary inability to empty your bladder on your own. If you have difficulty fully emptying your bladder after getting BOTOX®, you may need to use a small disposable self-catheter to empty your bladder up to a few times each day until your bladder is able to start emptying again.

Other side effects have been reported including allergic reactions (eg, itching, rash, red itchy welts, wheezing, asthma symptoms, or dizziness or feeling faint). These are not all of the possible side effects. Call your doctor for medical advice if you experience any side effects after treatment with BOTOX®.

What Should I Tell My Doctor About Prescription and Over-the-Counter Medicines I Take?

Using BOTOX® with certain medicines may cause serious side effects. Do not start any new medicines until you have told your doctor that you have received BOTOX® in the past. Tell your doctor if you have received an injection with another botulinum toxin product in the last 4 months, such as Myobloc®, Dysport®, or Xeomin®. Be sure your doctor knows which product you received.

Tell your doctor about all prescription, over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements you take, recent antibiotic injections, anticholinergics; muscle relaxants; allergy or cold medicine; sleep medicine; aspirin-like products or blood thinners. Ask your doctor if you are not sure whether your medicine is listed above.

To Learn More

If you would like more information, talk to your doctor and/or go to Botoxforiccontinence.com for full Product Information, including Medication Guide.

You may report side effects to the FDA at www.fda.gov/medwatch or call 1-800-FDA-1088.

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