Indication
Chronic Migraine
BOTOX® for injection is indicated for the prophylaxis of headaches in adult patients with Chronic Migraine (≥ 15 days per month with headache lasting 4 hours a day or longer).

Important Limitations
Safety and effectiveness have not been established for the prophylaxis of episodic migraine (14 headache days or fewer per month) in 7 placebo-controlled studies.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION, INCLUDING BOXED WARNING

WARNING: DISTANT SPREAD OF TOXIN EFFECT
Postmarketing reports indicate that the effects of BOTOX® and all botulinum toxin products may spread from the area of injection to produce symptoms consistent with botulinum toxin effects. These may include asthenia, generalized muscle weakness, diplopia, ptosis, dysphagia, dysphonia, dysarthria, urinary incontinence, and breathing difficulties. These symptoms have been reported hours to weeks after injection. Swallowing and breathing difficulties can be life threatening, and there have been reports of death. The risk of symptoms is probably greatest in children treated for spasticity, but symptoms can also occur in adults treated for spasticity and other conditions, particularly in those patients who have an underlying condition that would predispose them to these symptoms. In unapproved uses, including spasticity in children, and in approved indications, cases of spread of effect have been reported at doses comparable to those used to treat Cervical Dystonia and spasticity and at lower doses.

Please see additional Important Safety Information about BOTOX® inside.
BOTOX® IS SUPPLIED IN CONVENIENT, SECURE, SINGLE-USE, 200-UNIT AND 100-UNIT VIALS

Vials are designed for maximum extraction. Always be sure you’ve received actual BOTOX® product from Allergan:

- To ensure product authenticity, look for the holographic film on the vial; “Allergan” should appear within rainbow lines
- If you do not see the rainbow lines or if “Allergan” does not appear, do not use the product, and please contact Allergan directly

Each single-use vial contains 200 Units or 100 Units of vacuum-dried Clostridium botulinum type A neurotoxin complex. Prior to intramuscular injection, reconstitute vacuum-dried BOTOX® product only with sterile, nonpreserved, normal saline (0.9% sodium chloride injection).

DILUTION PROCEDURES

1. Using the reconstitution needle, draw up the proper amount of saline (see Dilution table) in the appropriately sized sterile syringe. A 21-gauge, 2-inch needle is recommended for reconstitution. Reconstituted BOTOX® should be clear, colorless, and free of particulate matter.

2. Insert the needle straight into the vial, then tilt the vial at a 45° angle. Slowly inject the saline into the BOTOX® neurotoxin vial. Vacuum is present in the vial, which demonstrates that the sterility of the vial is intact. Do not use the vial if the vacuum does not pull the saline into the vial.

3. Release the vacuum by disconnecting the syringe from the needle and allowing air to flow into the vial. Gently mix BOTOX® with the saline by moving vial side-to-side or rotating the vial.

4. Draw the fluid into the injection syringe by placing the needle into the bottom corner of the vial for full extraction. Do not invert the vial.

5. Disconnect the injection syringe from the vial and attach an appropriate needle for injection. A 30-gauge, 0.5-inch needle is recommended.

6. Use of the BOTOX® reconstitution stickers allows you to easily record the date and time of reconstitution, amount of diluent added, and the resulting dose to be administered when BOTOX® neurotoxin is reconstituted prior to a treatment session.

RESULTING CONCENTRATION IS 5 UNITS PER 0.1 mL.

NOTE: The product and diluent do not contain a preservative. Administer the BOTOX® injection within 24 hours after reconstitution in the vial. During this time period, unused reconstituted BOTOX® should be stored in a refrigerator (2° to 8°C) for up to 24 hours until time of use. BOTOX® vials are for single-dose only. Discard any unused portion.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

CONTRAINDICATIONS

BOTOX® is contraindicated in the presence of infection at the proposed injection site(s) and in individuals with known hypersensitivity to any botulinum toxin preparation or to any of the components in the formulation.

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

Lack of Interchangeability Between Botulinum Toxin Products

The potency Units of BOTOX® are specific to the preparation and assay method utilized. They are not interchangeable with other preparations of botulinum toxin products and, therefore, Units of biological activity of BOTOX® cannot be compared to nor converted into Units of any other botulinum toxin products assessed with any other specific assay method.

Dilution

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Saline Added (0.9% Sodium Chloride Injection)</th>
<th>Resulting BOTOX® Dose (Units per 0.1 mL)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>100-Unit vial</td>
<td>2 mL, 5 Units</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200-Unit vial</td>
<td>4 mL, 5 Units</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Resulting concentration is 5 Units per 0.1 mL.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (continued)

Spread of Toxin Effect

See Boxed Warning.

No definitive serious adverse event reports of distant spread of toxin effect associated with BOTOX® for Chronic Migraine at the labeled dose have been reported.

Please see additional Important Safety Information on back page.
IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (continued)

Serious Adverse Reactions With Unapproved Use
Serious adverse reactions, including excessive weakness, dysphagia, and aspiration pneumonia, with some adverse reactions associated with fatal outcomes, have been reported in patients who received BOTOX® injections for unapproved uses. In these cases, the adverse reactions were not necessarily related to distant spread of toxin, but may have resulted from the administration of BOTOX® to the site of injection and/or adjacent structures. In several of the cases, patients had pre-existing dysphagia or other significant disabilities. There is insufficient information to identify factors associated with an increased risk for adverse reactions associated with the unapproved uses of BOTOX®. The safety and effectiveness of BOTOX® for unapproved uses have not been established.

Hypersensitivity Reactions
Serious and/or immediate hypersensitivity reactions have been reported. These reactions include anaphylaxis, serum sickness, urticaria, soft-tissue edema, and dyspnea. If such a reaction occurs, further injection of BOTOX® should be discontinued and appropriate medical therapy immediately instituted. One fatal case of anaphylaxis has been reported in which lidocaine was used as the diluent, and consequently the causal agent cannot be reliably determined.

Increased Risk of Clinically Significant Effects With Pre-existing Neuromuscular Disorders
Individuals with peripheral motor neuropathic diseases, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), or neuromuscular junction disorders (eg, myasthenia gravis or Lambert-Eaton syndrome) should be monitored when given botulinum toxin. Patients with known or unrecognized neuromuscular disorders or neuromuscular junction disorders may be at increased risk of clinically significant effects including generalized muscle weakness, diplopia, ptosis, dysphonia, dysarthria, severe dysphagia, and respiratory compromise from therapeutic doses of BOTOX® [See Warnings and Precautions].

Dysphagia and Breathing Difficulties
Treatment with BOTOX® and other botulinum toxin products can result in swallowing or breathing difficulties. Patients with pre-existing swallowing or breathing difficulties may be more susceptible to these complications. In most cases, this is a consequence of weakening of muscles in the area of injection that are involved in breathing or oropharyngeal muscles that control swallowing or breathing [see Boxed Warning].

Human Albumin and Transmission of Viral Diseases
This product contains albumin, a derivative of human blood. Based on effective donor screening and product manufacturing processes, it carries an extremely remote risk for transmission of viral diseases and variant Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease (vCJD). There is a theoretical risk for transmission of Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease (CJD), but if that risk actually exists, the risk of transmission would also be considered extremely remote. No cases of transmission of viral diseases, CJD, or vCJD have ever been identified for licensed albumin or albumin contained in other licensed products.

ADVERSE REACTIONS

Adverse reactions to BOTOX® for injection are discussed in greater detail in the following sections: Boxed Warning, Contraindications, and Warnings and Precautions.

Chronic Migraine
The most frequently reported adverse reactions following injection of BOTOX® for Chronic Migraine include neck pain (9%), headache (5%), eyelid ptosis (4%), migraine (4%), musculoskeletal stiffness (4%), bronchitis (3%), injection-site pain (3%), musculoskeletal pain (3%), myalgia (3%), facial paresis (2%), hypertension (2%), and muscle spasms (2%).

Postmarketing Experience
Adverse reactions that have been identified during postapproval use of BOTOX® are discussed in greater detail in Postmarketing Experience [Section 6.3 of the Prescribing Information].

There have been spontaneous reports of death, sometimes associated with dysphagia, pneumonia, and/or other significant debility or anaphylaxis, after treatment with botulinum toxin. There have also been reports of adverse events involving the cardiovascular system, including arrhythmia and myocardial infarction, some with fatal outcomes. Some of these patients had risk factors including cardiovascular disease. The exact relationship of these events to the botulinum toxin injection has not been established.

DRUG INTERACTIONS

Co-administration of BOTOX® or other agents interfering with neuromuscular transmission (eg, aminoglycosides, curare-like compounds) should only be performed with caution as the effect of the toxin may be potentiated. Use of anticholinergic drugs after administration of BOTOX® may potentiate systemic anticholinergic effects. The effect of administering different botulinum neurotoxin products at the same time or within several months of each other is unknown. Excessive neuromuscular weakness may be exacerbated by administration of another botulinum toxin prior to the resolution of the effects of a previously administered botulinum toxin and also by administration of a muscle relaxant before or after administration of BOTOX®.

Please see accompanying full Prescribing Information including Boxed Warning and Medication Guide.