Look inside to see how easy it is to get started

You may PAY as little as $0 for BOTOX® treatments*

*Restrictions and maximum savings limits apply. Patient out-of-pocket expense may vary. Offer not valid for patients enrolled in Medicare, Medicaid, or other federal or state healthcare programs. Please see full terms and conditions at BOTOXSavingsProgram.com.

**Indications**
BOTOX® is a prescription medicine that is injected into muscles and used:
- To treat overactive bladder symptoms such as a strong need to urinate with leaking or wetting accidents (urge urinary incontinence), a strong need to urinate right away (urgency), and urinating often (frequency) in adults 18 years and older when another type of medicine (anticholinergic) does not work well enough or cannot be taken.

**IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION**
BOTOX® may cause serious side effects that can be life threatening. Get medical help right away if you have any of these problems any time (hours to weeks) after injection of BOTOX®:
- **Problems swallowing, speaking, or breathing**, due to weakening of associated muscles, can be severe and result in loss of life. You are at the highest risk if these problems are pre-existing before injection. Swallowing problems may last for several months.
- **Spread of toxin effects**. The effect of botulinum toxin may affect areas away from the injection site and cause serious symptoms including: loss of strength and all-over muscle weakness, double vision, blurred vision and drooping eyelids, hoarseness or change or loss of voice, trouble saying words clearly, loss of bladder control, trouble breathing, and trouble swallowing.

Please see additional Indications and Important Safety Information on following pages.
You may pay as little as $0 for BOTOX® treatments with the BOTOX® Savings Program*

Get money back on out-of-pocket costs not covered by commercial insurance*

Receive up to $1000 per treatment

Both the cost of your BOTOX® medicine and the fee your doctor charges to inject you are covered

4 treatments per year
That means you can receive up to $4000 per year!

See program terms and conditions on the back cover for details.

Do you have commercial insurance? If your health insurance is provided by your job, then you have commercial insurance. That means you’re eligible for the BOTOX® Savings Program.

How the BOTOX® Savings Program works

Getting your money back is a simple process

2. Submit a claim on BOTOXSavingsProgram.com after you’ve been treated and have received your Explanation of Benefits (EOB) from your insurance company.
3. Receive a check in the mail to get your money back.*

Don’t forget to submit a claim for every BOTOX® treatment! Enrolling in the program is just the first step. Whenever you get treated with BOTOX®, you will need to submit a claim to start the process of getting your money back for out-of-pocket costs not covered by insurance.

Ready to lower your out-of-pocket costs? Visit BOTOXSavingsProgram.com to get started today.

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Indications (continued)

• To treat leakage of urine (incontinence) in adults 18 years and older with overactive bladder caused by a neurologic disease who still have leakage or cannot tolerate the side effects after trying an anticholinergic medication.
• To prevent headaches in adults with Chronic Migraine who have 15 or more days each month with headache lasting 4 or more hours each day in people 18 years or older.
• To treat increased muscle stiffness in elbows, wrists, fingers, and thumbs in people 18 years and older with upper limb spasticity.
• To treat increased muscle stiffness in patients 2 to 17 years of age with upper limb spasticity.
• To treat increased muscle stiffness in children 2 to 17 years of age with upper limb spasticity, excluding spasticity caused by cerebral palsy.
• To treat the abnormal head position and neck pain that happens with Cervical Dystonia (CD) in people 16 years and older.
• To treat certain types of eye muscle problems (Strabismus) or abnormal spasm of the eyelids (Myokymia) in people 12 years and older.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

There has not been a confirmed serious case of spread of toxin effect away from the injection site when BOTOX® has been used at the recommended dose to treat Chronic Migraine, severe underarm sweating, Blepharospasm, or Strabismus. BOTOX® may cause loss of strength or general muscle weakness, vision problems, or dizziness within hours to weeks of taking BOTOX®. If this happens, do not drive a car, operate machinery, or do other dangerous activities.

Do not receive BOTOX® if you: are allergic to any of the ingredients in BOTOX® (see Medication Guide for ingredients); had an allergic reaction to any other botulinum toxin product such as Myobloc® (rimabotulinumtoxinB), Dysport® (abobotulinumtoxinA), or Xeomin® (incobotulinumtoxinA); have a skin infection at the planned injection site.

Please see additional Indications and Important Safety Information on following pages.
What you’ll get when you join the BOTOX® Savings Program

Get BOTOX®
treatment reminders about
upcoming appointments

Savings come with support for your BOTOX® treatment journey

Track current
BOTOX® Savings Program claims
and view previous claims

Access to helpful support
from BOTOX® Savings Program
specialists

Indications (continued)

BOTOX® is also injected into the skin to treat the symptoms of severe underarm sweating (severe primary axillary hyperhidrosis) when medicines used on
the skin (topical) do not work well enough in people 18 years and older.

It is not known whether BOTOX® is safe or effective to prevent headaches in patients with migraine who have 14 or fewer headache days each month (episodic migraine).

It is not known whether BOTOX® is safe or effective to treat increased stiffness in upper limb muscles other than those in the elbow, wrist, fingers, and thumb, or in
lower limb muscles other than those in the ankle and toes in people 18 years and older. BOTOX® has not been shown to help people perform task-specific functions
with their upper limbs or increase movement in joints that are permanently fixed in position by stiff muscles.

It is not known whether BOTOX® with their upper limbs or increase movement in joints that are permanently fixed in position by stiff muscles.

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IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Do not receive BOTOX® for the treatment of urinary incontinence if you: have a urinary tract infection (UTI) or cannot empty your bladder on your own
and are not routinely catheterizing. Due to the risk of urinary retention (not being able to empty the bladder), only patients who are willing and able to initiate

catheterization post treatment, if required, should be considered for treatment.

Patients treated for overactive bladder:

In clinical trials, 36 of the 552 patients had to self-catheterize for urinary retention following treatment with BOTOX® compared to 2 of the 542 treated with placebo.
The median duration of postinjection catheterization for these patients treated with BOTOX® (d = 100 U units) (n = 36) was 63 days (minimum 1 day to
maximum 214 days) as compared to a median duration of 11 days (minimum 3 days to maximum 16 days) for patients receiving placebo (n = 2). Patients

with diabetes mellitus treated with BOTOX® were more likely to develop urinary retention than nondiabetics.

Patients treated for overactive bladder due to neurogenic disease:

In clinical trials, 30.6% of patients (33/108) who were not using clean intermittent catheterization (CIC) prior to injection, required catheterization for urinary
retention following treatment with BOTOX® (200 U units) as compared to 8.3% of patients (7/84) treated with placebo. The median duration of postinjection

catheterization for those patients treated with BOTOX® (200 U units) (n = 33) was 289 days (minimum 1 day to maximum 530 days) as compared to a median
duration of 358 days (minimum 2 days to maximum 379 days) for patients receiving placebo (n = 2). Among patients not using CIC at baseline, those with MS
were more likely to require CIC post injection than those with SCI.

Cornea problems have been reported.

Cornea (surface of the eye) problems have been reported in some people receiving BOTOX® for their Blepharospasm, especially in people with

certain nerve disorders. BOTOX® may cause the eyelids to blink less, which could lead to the surface of the eye being exposed to air more than is usual. Tell your doctor if you experience
any problems with your eyes while receiving BOTOX®. Your doctor may treat your eyes with drops, ointments, contact lenses, or with an eye patch.

Prefer to talk to someone to enroll? No problem!

Call 1-800-44-BOTOX®

Choose Option 2 for patients, then Option 4 for the BOTOX® Savings Program.

A BOTOX® Savings Program Customer Service Manager will be ready to give you a hand.


IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

The dose of BOTOX® is not the same as, or comparable to, another botulinum toxin product.

Serious and/or immediate allergic reactions have been reported including itching, rash, red, itchy welts, wheezing, asthma symptoms, or dizziness or feeling faint. Get medical help right away if you experience symptoms; further injection of BOTOX® should be discontinued.

Tell your doctor about all your muscle or nerve conditions including itching, rash, red itchy welts, wheezing, asthma symptoms, or dizziness or feeling faint. Get medical help right away if you experience symptoms; further injection of BOTOX® should be discontinued.

Tell your doctor about any breathing-related problems you may have or are at risk of developing such as ALS or Lou Gehrig’s disease, myasthenia gravis, or Lambert-Eaton syndrome, as you may be at increased risk of serious side effects including difficulty swallowing and difficulty breathing from topical doses of BOTOX®.

Tell your doctor if you have any breathing-related problems. Your doctor may monitor you for breathing problems during your treatment with BOTOX® for adult spasticity or for detrusor overactivity associated with a neurologic condition. The risk of developing lung disease in patients with reduced lung function is increased in patients receiving BOTOX®.

Tell your doctor if you have any breathing-related problems. Your doctor may monitor you for breathing problems during your treatment with BOTOX® for adult spasticity or for detrusor overactivity associated with a neurologic condition. The risk of developing lung disease in patients with reduced lung function is increased in patients receiving BOTOX®.

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certain nerve disorders. BOTOX® may cause the eyelids to blink less, which could lead to the surface of the eye being exposed to air more than is usual. Tell your doctor if you experience
any problems with your eyes while receiving BOTOX®. Your doctor may treat your eyes with drops, ointments, contact lenses, or with an eye patch.

Please see additional Important Safety Information on following pages.
IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Bleeding behind the eye has been reported. Bleeding behind the eyeball has been reported in some people receiving BOTOX® for their Strabismus. Tell your doctor if you notice any new visual problems while receiving BOTOX®.

Bronchitis and upper respiratory tract infections (common colds) have been reported. Bronchitis was reported more frequently in adults receiving BOTOX® for upper limb spasticity. Upper respiratory infections were also reported more frequently in adults with prior breathing related problems with spasticity. In pediatric patients treated with BOTOX® for upper limb spasticity, upper respiratory tract infections were reported more frequently. In pediatric patients treated with BOTOX® for lower limb spasticity, upper respiratory tract infections were not reported more frequently than placebo.

Autonomic dysreflexia in patients treated for overactive bladder due to neurologic disease. Autonomic dysreflexia associated with intradetrusor injections of BOTOX® could occur in patients treated for detrusor overactivity associated with a neurologic condition and may require prompt medical therapy. In clinical trials, the incidence of autonomic dysreflexia was greater in patients treated with BOTOX® 200 Units compared with placebo (1.5% versus 0.4%, respectively).

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Tell your doctor about all your medical conditions, including if you:

- have or have had bleeding problems;
- have plans to have surgery;
- had surgery on your face;
- weakness of forehead muscles;
- trouble raising your eyebrows;
- drooping eyelids;
- any other abnormal facial change;
- have symptoms of a urinary tract infection (UTI) and are being treated for urinary incontinence (symptoms of a urinary tract infection may include pain or burning with urination, frequent urination, or fever);
- have problems emptying your bladder on your own and are being treated for urinary incontinence;
- are pregnant or plan to become pregnant (it is not known if BOTOX® can harm your unborn baby);
- are breastfeeding or plan to (it is not known if BOTOX® passes into breast milk).

Tell your doctor about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements. Using BOTOX® with certain other medicines may cause serious side effects. Do not start any new medicines until you have told your doctor that you have received BOTOX® in the past.

Tell your doctor if you received any other botulinum toxin product in the last 4 months; have received injections of botulinum toxin such as Myobloc®, Dysport®, or Xeomin® in the past (tell your doctor exactly which product you received); have recently received an antibiotic by injection; take muscle relaxants; take an allergy or cold medicine; take a sleep medicine; take aspirin-like products or blood thinners.

Please see additional Important Safety Information on back cover.
IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Other side effects of BOTOX® include: dry mouth, discomfort or pain at the injection site, tiredness, headache, neck pain, eye problems: double vision, blurred vision, decreased eyesight, drooping eyelids, swelling of your eyelids, dry eyes; drooping eyebrows; and upper respiratory tract infection. In people being treated for urinary incontinence other side effects include: urinary tract infection, painful urination, and/or inability to empty your bladder on your own. If you have difficulty fully emptying your bladder after receiving BOTOX®, you may need to use disposable self-catheters to empty your bladder up to a few times each day until your bladder is able to start emptying again.

For more information refer to the Medication Guide or talk with your doctor.

You are encouraged to report negative side effects of prescription drugs to the FDA. Visit www.fda.gov/medwatch or call 1-800-FDA-1088.

Please see accompanying Summary of Information about BOTOX®.